

## VERY LITTLE INTEREST AND FEW CONTESTS

Among the Democracy Indicated by Saturday's Suggestion Meetings, Which Suggested

### FOR THE COUNTY NOMINATIONS

To be Decided at the Primary Election Next Saturday—Handlan Endorsed for Auditor.

The Democrats of Ohio county held their district suggestion meetings Saturday evening, and the only features of interest were the adoption of resolutions in some districts favoring the nomination of William J. Bryan, and endorsing the candidacy of Joseph Handlan, for state auditor. Mr. Handlan will have the undivided support of Ohio county for this nomination at the Democratic state convention.

The primaries will be held next Saturday, and the only contests likely to occur will be for county commissioner in Washington, Union, Centre and Webster.

The suggestions by districts follow:

**Washington District.**  
For County Commissioner—Charles Stanke, E. Delters, T. D. Brooks.

For Member of Board of Education, (two to be selected)—Robert L. Frazier, (long term); James W. White, (long term); Louis Pracht, (short term); William Coon, Fulton, (short term); C. Hoffmann, Fulton, (short term).

For Justices of the peace, (two to be selected)—D. Z. Phillips, John Batchlor.

For Constables, (two to be selected)—S. A. Cox, Jess Wells.

For Delegates to District Convention, (five to be selected)—Henry Roth, Patrick Scully, Daniel O'Leary, Thomas Kelly, George Bush, O. M. Weidensch.

For Delegates to State Convention, Parkersburg, (five to be selected)—Albert Capps, J. B. Brennan, Frank Daulton, Charles J. Hessler, Charles Carenbauer, Dennis O'Leary, James Berry, M. Stein, J. J. Kenny, William Weir, Edward Hamm.

For Delegates to Congressional Convention, (five to be selected)—John Batchlor, William Brice, John O'Neill, Peter Felsheim, O. F. Dunlevy, P. Moran, P. Barnett, Ted O'Leary and R. Stein.

For Delegates to Ohio County Convention, (five to be selected)—Albert Capps, Henry Weisgerber, John Garden, D. Z. Phillips, James Bogard, John Kalm, Thomas Kelly, J. Kuntz, H. Kretzer, W. J. Ennis, A. G. Hadlich, Joseph Yocke.

**Madison District.**  
County Commissioner—George W. Robinson.

Member of Board of Education—S. G. Naylor.

Justices of the Peace—W. H. Caldwell, Samuel Jarvis, J. O. Brosius.

Constable—James Demain, D. Cunningham.

Delegates to District Convention—Bert Mitchell, Brady H. Morgan, F. E. Foster, John Berger, J. A. Wood, J. B. Taney, Charles Lukens, George Maaser, C. H. Copp, C. P. Woods, W. T. Crawford, W. P. Robinson.

Delegates to State Convention—S. C. Kincheol, James T. McGee, William McMiller, Robert McNichol, F. P. McNell, A. T. Sweeney, George Hook, F. E. McCoy, J. B. Taney.

Delegates to Congressional Convention—George W. Lemon, G. H. Wheeler, Elwood Noble, George C. Schaffer, C. P. Woods, Chester D. Shrodes, R. T. McNichol, J. Elwood Hughes, M. F. Dryden, Frank E. McCoy, A. D. White.

Delegates to Ohio County Convention—Steve Cunningham, Grafton Beall, Joseph Kates, J. C. Kincheol, N. W. Fugate, A. T. Sweeney, Charles Lukens, W. B. Lukens, O. E. Smith, John Uhlman, A. Charles Merrifield, James T. McGee, Andrew White, J. A. Wood, M. F. Dryden, Frank M. Porter, F. E. McCoy, Frank E. Foster, W. T. Crawford, Edward Meyers, D. C. Cochran.

**Clay District.**  
County Commissioner—William Welty.

Board of Education—Julius Pollock, Dr. Andrew Wilson.

Justices of the Peace—R. H. Gillespy, Peter Riley, Joseph Foose.

Constable—John Auth.

Delegates to District Delegate Convention, Clarksburg—John H. Gillespy, T. S. Riley, Bert Welty, Frank Stamm, John M. Sherte, D. B. Lavey.

Delegates to State Convention, Parkersburg—Archle Sawtelle, Charles H. Taney, A. A. Franzheim, John M. Sherte, T. S. Riley, Alex. Undergraff, D. E. Stalnaker, Harry Kluevics, Galla Mitchell, Henry Nau.

Delegates to Congressional Convention—James L. Sawtelle, Henry Nau, Harry Kluevics, M. J. O'Kane, Charles H. Taney, John H. Gillespy.

Delegates to Ohio County Convention—Eugene Z. Hanke, Robert Sims, John Shaugnessy, B. H. Swartz, John Welty, Jr., J. J. Coniff.

**Union District.**  
For County Commissioner—Joseph Weisgerber, Edward Bearley.

Board of Education—W. S. McDonald, C. F. Brandfass, Robert Simpson.

Justices of the Peace—John Gompers, John Manjon, J. P. Burkhardt.

Constable—William A. Love, Charles Burnett.

Delegates to District Delegate Convention, Clarksburg—W. W. Arnett, Peter F. Farrell, Patrick McGinley, H. V. Arkie, W. S. McDonald, Frank Smith, Frank Gruse, Edward Brandfass, F. J. Healey.

Delegates to State Convention, Parkersburg—Peter Hoz, Frank Cox, T. M. Darrah, P. Merchant, J. P. Brannon, J. C. McKinley, W. W. Arnett, Martin Flannigan, Joseph Winterhalter, P. F. Farrell, F. J. Healey, Robert Simpson, John Corcoran, Robert Ellingham, Patrick Fitzsimmons.

Delegates to Congressional Convention—John Gompers, Wils. Fleming, W. W. Arnett, T. M. Darrah, James McKinley, Charles Schmidt, John J. Farrell, Robert Simpson, J. Handlan, William S. Arnett, Charles P. Brandfass.

Delegates to Ohio County Convention—James T. Gray, Robert Simpson, E. H. Vans, Fred Froise, W. W. Arnett, E. H. Gilles, W. Radcliffe, F. J. Healey, P. F. Farrell, J. Kiser, James McKinley, H. Burkhardt, F. Burkhardt, J. A. Weisgerber, James Craghton, Robert Ellingham, P. Fitzsimmons, W. Shiffin, John Corcoran, M. E. Collins, William M. Windsor.

**Centre District.**  
County Commissioner—Frank Auber, A. V. McDonald, John J. Byrne, Edward Kurts, C. F. Caldwell.

Board of Education—William A. Stoetzer.

Justices of the Peace—William Manion, C. W. Rixey, George Arkie, Thomas Kane, Henry Dittman, Hugh Dawson, J. W. Farrell.

Constables—John McDermott, Andrew Long, Michael Hanagan, Henry Stoetzer.

Delegates to District Delegate Convention, Clarksburg—William F. Riley,

John Waterhouse, Howard Schaefer, J. E. Pinkus, Van K. Cleary, John Burk. Delegates to State Convention, Parkersburg—Dr. John A. Campbell, A. H. Weidensch, Frank Woerber, William A. Stoetzer, William Fee, J. D. Gibbins, W. F. Riley.

Delegates to Ohio County Convention—L. H. Althigh, Phil Vollinger, George Ackerman, W. H. Paul, Fred Schneider, Thomas M. Doyle, William H. Schaefer, Fred Kaiser, Edward King, H. C. Caldwell, B. Bach.

**Webster District.**  
County Commissioner—Charles C. Stevens, Louis G. Staib, F. W. Jilcke.

Board of Education—William Hasenauer, John W. Fundis, D. F. McKinley, J. R. Manley, A. J. Fischer.

Justices of the Peace—Joseph A. Volght, William P. Meyer.

Constable—C. W. Hartung, John Druschel, Peter J. Norton.

Delegates to District Delegate Convention, Clarksburg—J. R. Manley, Joseph Handlan, Harry W. Gartley, N. D. Garden, Jr., Joseph N. Weldner.

Delegates to State Convention, Parkersburg—Harry W. Gartley, J. R. Manley, Stephen A. Tucker, Thomas J. Wolington, A. G. Roberts, Martin Flinn, James B. Dixon, James Mulroney.

Delegates to Congressional Convention—J. Pappert, John W. Scarbrough, James O'Keefe, Henry F. Meyer, Patrick Weir.

Delegates to Ohio County Convention—Frank A. Maloney, James B. Dillon, A. G. Roberts, Joseph N. Weldner, Harry W. Gartley, John Scarbrough, Stephen A. Tucker, John Slater, J. R. Manley, Dennis Mulroney, Thomas Smith, John W. Fundis, C. W. Kreiter, Charles Brooks, John Scott, D. F. McKinley.

**Ritchie District.**  
County Commissioner—O. H. Auber.

Members of Board of Education—William McElroy, Sr., and B. W. Pell, Jr., for long term; Christian Vieweg, Jr., for short term.

Justice of the Peace—Samuel Hartman and Jacob Ritz.

Constable—James Frederick, Frederick Brinkman and Jacob Russell.

Delegates to District Convention at Clarksburg—Leo Laflam, William McElroy, Jr., William Tracy, William Lantry and B. W. Pell, Jr.

Delegates to the State Convention at Parkersburg—James Nichols, Frank Heller, Albert Speidel, Andrew Fisher, Thomas Padden, Jacob Russell, August W. Fette, William Bole and Joseph Humes.

Delegates to Congressional Convention—August W. Fette, John Minkemyer, C. F. Bremer, Darwyn Miller, William Rothermund, John Tully, William Lantry, and Charles Vieweg, Jr.

Delegates to Ohio County Convention—James Minkemyer, John Devlin, James Havern, Jacob Ritz, Joseph Humes, Joseph Hellre, James Frederick, Jacob Russell, B. W. Pell, Jr., James Nichols and Edward Mahon.

**Triadelphia District.**  
County Commissioner—M. N. Cecil.

Board of Education—Alexander T. Young, George M. Butler.

Justice of the Peace—J. C. Hervey, Henry H. Helfenbine, J. C. Marple.

Constable—Shepherd Smith, Samuel Simms, George Garrison.

District Convention—George W. Oldham, W. T. Chambers, Nelson C. Hubbard, H. G. Thornburg, A. B. Smith.

State Convention—James P. Rogers, D. M. Thornburg, L. W. Blaney, James Baird, Frank Higgs, John R. Handlan, John B. Wilson, H. S. Thornburg.

Congressional Convention—Joseph F. Pauli, W. B. Howell, John Delan, John L. Robinson, George W. Wood, Isaac F. Jones, W. M. Hutchinson, John Finley.

County Convention—John W. Marshall, William Eisenbach, C. E. Seabright, M. V. B. Burrows, A. S. Linck, J. F. Ebeling, D. W. Bedilion, Edward Miller, John S. Robinson, John Helfenbine, W. M. Rhodes, Samuel Abercrombie, James W. Ewing, J. E. Robb, A. D. McCusky, A. W. Wilson.

**Liberty District.**  
County Commissioner—J. J. Jacobs.

Member of Board of Education—John Taggart, Milton Howard.

Justices of the Peace—Edward McCann, James Denison, Daniel Forney.

Constable—Wiley Dixon, Charles Crumbacker.

Delegates to District Delegate Convention, Clarksburg—A. J. McCulloch, Jacob Taylor, L. R. Dixon, Brooke Shield, Richard Taggart, D. Ferguson, Charles Crumbacker, L. Curtis, J. B. Thomas, Edward McKinley.

Delegates to State Convention, Parkersburg—J. H. Lazear, Milton Howard, Robert Lattimore, Frank Blaney, A. C. Harrell, Charles Sunday, J. M. Paris, Joseph Meyers, L. Taggart, Isaac Garrison.

Delegates to Congressional Convention—John Foreman, Wiley Cox, James Denison, M. T. Hartley, Ed. McCann, Charles Crumbacker, James Cox, Henry Dice, Henry Young.

**Richland District.**  
County Commissioner—A. T. McCollough, George Criss.

Board of Education—John V. Moore, George Eberts.

Justice of the Peace—Robert Costain, Constable—Michael McNail, Stewart Wallace.

District Convention—Mac Duvall, H. H. Garden, George Zedler, John Burke, Jerry Evans.

State Convention—James Cressap, Dr. W. B. Bates, Chester Whitman, J. W. Nichols, Milton Schuck.

Congressional Convention—A. J. Wilson, James Cressap, Charles Robrecht, James Stewart, J. W. Nichols.

County Convention—J. W. Bruner, H. H. Garden, James Stewart, James Cressap, George Eberts.

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Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c, at Logan Drug Co.'s drug store.

WE offer this week some rare bargains in sample and slightly shop-worn pianos. Call and see them or write for prices. F. W. BAUMER CO., Wheeling, W. Va.

**Low Rates**  
via the Wheeling & Lake Erie to Chicago and return, \$12.50, May 7, 14 and 21. St. Louis and return, \$19, May 15, 16, 21 and 22. Limit, June 1.

WE offer this week some rare bargains in sample and slightly shop-worn pianos. Call and see them or write for prices. F. W. BAUMER CO., Wheeling, W. Va.

**MY Stock of Fancy Suitings is the largest and cheapest in the city. C. W. BABRIGHT'S Tailor. Twenty-second and Main Streets.**

**REDUCED RATES TO FAIRMONT**  
Account State Republican Convention.

May 15th to 18th, inclusive, the Baltimore & Ohio will sell excursion tickets to Fairmont and return at reduced rates, valid for return passage until May 11.

WE offer this week some rare bargains in sample and slightly shop-worn pianos. Call and see them or write for prices. F. W. BAUMER CO., Wheeling, W. Va.

**Centre District.**  
County Commissioner—Frank Auber, A. V. McDonald, John J. Byrne, Edward Kurts, C. F. Caldwell.

Board of Education—William A. Stoetzer.

Justices of the Peace—William Manion, C. W. Rixey, George Arkie, Thomas Kane, Henry Dittman, Hugh Dawson, J. W. Farrell.

Constables—John McDermott, Andrew Long, Michael Hanagan, Henry Stoetzer.

Delegates to District Delegate Convention, Clarksburg—William F. Riley,

## THE LORD'S DAY.

Rev. C. B. Graham Appeals for Stricter Obedience to the Law.

### SABBATH WAS MADE FOR MAN.

Sunday Base Ball Scored, and Likewise Church Members That Put Forth Other Sunday Violations in Palliation—A Saturday Half-Holiday Suggested to Answer Recreation Requirements.

At the North street M. E. church last evening, the pastor, Rev. C. B. Graham, delivered a comprehensive discourse on "The Lord's Day," in which he supported its claims as a day of rest by the Scriptures. Incidentally, he denounced Sunday base ball. After defining his text, he spoke of the institution of Sunday, and later in his sermon spoke as follows:

Some disregard Sunday because it is not the seventh day, or that which is believed to represent the original Sabbath. These people should remember that Christ and His disciples observed the Mosaic Sabbath until He had perfected the requirements of the law by His death, and declared Himself Lord of the Sabbath. He was subject to the law until He subjected all law to Himself.

It should be remembered that this is the Lord's day, and if this be admitted then it is not man's day. The Lord committed all that He created to man as His steward, with certain reservations, chief of which were one seventh of the time and tithes, and the one is as obligatory as the other. The command to observe this division of time was incorporated as a part of man's first code of laws, and the proportions are the same to-day as in the beginning.

As it is the Lord's day, no other can dictate how it should be observed. His first act was to make it a holy day—not a holiday. And "God blessed the seventh day, and sanctified it, or hallowed it." His second act was to commend its observance. "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy. Six days shalt thou labor and do all thy work, but the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord, thy God: in it thou shalt not do any work, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, nor thy servant, nor thy maid servant, nor the stranger that is within thy gates." And the third divine action on this subject was the teaching of Christ by both precept and example, and that of the apostles to the time of the declaration of the text. In these three periods of Bible teaching may be found the entire foundation of the Sabbath doctrine and the principles involved in each are the same.

It may be claimed that the conditions of human life have undergone such great changes that these laws are not applicable to this day. To admit such an argument is to detract from the Bible, brand it an obsolete book, and lay it up among the archives of futility, there to remain a monument of God's inability to frame a law for the government of creatures of His own hands. But not so. This law was not for the glory of the Lord alone, but the Sabbath was made for man, and not man for the Sabbath. For man's physical and spiritual preservation, as well as for his comfort and happiness. And this is true of all the laws of God. This is the truest of all laws, and from business viewpoint.

It is a remarkable fact that man's greatest boon is abused, and thereby causing numberless thousands to mourn unnecessarily. This day is abused wherever it is used differently from that commanded by the Lord. This, all men agree, who agree to the divine authority. But we may deal more specifically with the subject with profit.

Sunday is abused whenever the regular work or avocation is performed thereon. "Six days shalt thou labor and do all thy work." God gave man six days of the week for his business. But it is claimed, there are many avocations of business, manufacturing establishments, furnaces, etc., which cannot suspend work for a day without great loss to the community. But it is claimed, there are many avocations of business, manufacturing establishments, furnaces, etc., which cannot suspend work for a day without great loss to the community. But it is claimed, there are many avocations of business, manufacturing establishments, furnaces, etc., which cannot suspend work for a day without great loss to the community.

I do not say that all departments of business would suffer equally by a suspension for the Lord's day, but I do say that the divine power is the base of success of all legitimate business, and to ignore Him means failure. It was claimed but a few years ago that salt furnaces and glass furnaces could not stop for Sunday. Why is it not claimed now? Because these departments of business have learned better. Some learned it by the enforcement of Christian law. Some learned it by the force of pure Christian sentiment. Others learned it by actual experiments and observations that proved that it pays to obey God. Similar arguments have been made for railroads, dairies, meat stores, etc., none of which will stand before the searchlight of the truth, when viewed from either the divine demand or human expediency, and we invite investigation in the following declarations: There is no business, ancient or modern, that necessarily requires men to violate God's commandments.

It may be contended that a man or company will lose so and so by Sabbath observance. That I defy any man to prove. A man may claim that he has lost so much by not owning a hundred barrel oil well just as truly. And I claim that when a man's or a company's profits and losses in any business and human obligation to divine authority are compared with any other business, and in any period of time, he will find similar principles involved, and all that is needed in any department

of business is the proper adjustment of the conditions of the business, and satisfaction with reasonable profits from the same to harmonize all the seeming difficulties to a proper honoring of the Lord's day.

But the latest innovation on the Sabbath question is the determination of the base ball boys attempting to defy civil and divine law and public sentiment, to pursue their regular avocation on the Lord's day because they have a hope of securing enough of their kind to make it pay financially. And some go-easy church people have helped them by saying that it is no worse than the parks and the open saloons, and their sisters—the brothels. Why have a law against stealing when murder is worse than stealing? Stealing leads to murder, and the man who will rob God will ere long, if unchecked, destroy his fellow-men. These Sunday robbers were not satisfied with arrest and mild reminders of the law by the \$20 fine, but they insist to-day in ignoring all law. The man or woman who encourages such conduct by word or act is party to all the evils originating therefrom.

The Lord's day is abused when made a holiday. It was not instituted for that purpose, and whatever the demands based upon supposed need of recreation from labor, no man can thus use it without defying its Author. Let the Saturday half-holiday rule or any other method adopted to meet the needs of the toiler, but never by defying the Creator.

But we find that it is not the real toilers who clamor for the Sunday holiday most, but men who do not work full time. We can not even mention many other abuses of the Lord's day, such as the using of the day to do extra work to save a regular day. The Sabbath visiting from house to house is not only desecrating the Sabbath, but causing many good women to neglect both their children and their church. The man who rises at an early hour six times a week to work for himself, and sleeps late Sunday morning, and then rises with the headache, which he uses as an excuse from doing anything religious the whole day is an abuser of his own best interests. If church members will all practice what they have endorsed in the creeds of the churches there will be but little reason to call on the weak-kneed officials of the civil or municipal laws, who wink at crime to try to get the vote of the criminals, to enforce the laws of the Lord's day.

**ON CHARITY.**

Rev. Dr. Sooy Preaches on the Greatest of Graces.

Rev. Dr. Sooy's evening sermon at the Fourth Street M. E. church, was on "Charity," and owing to the speaker's activity in the anti-Sunday base ball movement, it was surmised that he would refer to Sunday's "charity game." There were no references of this character, however.

"The greatest of these is charity," was Dr. Sooy's text. He spoke first on the literal meaning of charity, and he said the Greek word from which charity was derived, meant love. Love was the hand; charity a finger. In a general sense, charity meant love of one's neighbor. It was a grace which precluded all prejudice; to be really charitable a person must drop all prejudice, although he could have inclination. It might be disagreeable for a person to dispense charity among some people, but if they let charity lead them their hearts would be touched with the tender truths that there is some good in every person.

Dr. Sooy said he had been criticized for saying he had sympathy for criminals, and he said every man, judge, lawyer and jury, could not be just without some traces of sympathy or charity in their hearts. No man was fit to sit on the bench without similar feelings in his heart, for otherwise, he could not deal justly with his brother man. The speaker wanted it understood that he didn't go to the degree of sickly sentimentality, and he criticized the views of Count Tolstol, who advocated the abolition of civil tribunals. Tolstol had gone to the other extreme.

Continuing, Dr. Sooy showed that mercy quarantined vessels from disease-infested places, and it put convicts behind prison bars in order to protect society. Mercy was shown in this negative form, hence the speaker had no leanings toward the sentimental extremists on the order of Tolstol.

He next urged a more liberal feeling towards other creeds and denominations. A Methodist could be consistent to his own creed and lose nothing by being devoid of prejudice toward other faiths. In conclusion, Dr. Sooy urged the practice of truth, tenderness, love and affection to all men. Every Christian, by his love and charity and the sunshine in his soul, should go through life like a band of music, quelling all noise and friction. Love only would conquer.

**RIVER AND WEATHER.**

The following river and weather report for the month of April is compiled by the Intelligencer from figures furnished by Weather Observer Schnepf and Wharfmaster Crockard:

April.	Max.	Min.	Rain.	Day.	River.
1	59	41	Clear.	10:7	
2	48	41	Cloudy.	10:9	
3	58	41	Cloudy.	10:9	
4	42	34	Cloudy.	9:1	
5	61	33	Clear.	10:3	
6	73	41	Clear.	10:3	
7	71	39	Partly cloudy.	10:3	
8	71	39	Partly cloudy.	10:4	
9	72	33	Partly cloudy.	10:10	
10	52	29	Partly cloudy.	10:11	
11	47	33	Cloudy.	10:5	
12	46	41	Cloudy.	10:5	
13	48	39	Cloudy.	9:5	
14	55	29	Partly cloudy.	8:5	
15	60	41	Partly cloudy.	8:5	
16	70	57	Cloudy.	8:5	
17	69	52	Cloudy.	7:5	
18	75	55	Partly cloudy.	7:5	
19	75	51	Partly cloudy.	7:6	
20	70	50	Cloudy.	7:6	
21	69	40	Cloudy.	10:10	
22	74	57	Cloudy.	9:10	
23	75	57	Partly cloudy.	9:4	
24	75	57	Cloudy.	9:4	
25	74	59	Clear.	9:4	
26	77	48	Clear.	9:4	
27	74	51	Clear.	9:13	
28	72	49	Cloudy.	9:13	
29	82	49	Partly cloudy.	7:9	
30	80	54	Partly cloudy.	7:9	

Maximum temperature, 89, on 24th. Minimum temperature, 26, on 10th. Precipitation—Total for month, 1.76 inches; greatest in twenty-four hours, .53 inch on 22nd.

Weather—Clear days, 2; partly cloudy, 10; cloudy, 12; rainy, 8. First thunder storm of the season on the 15th, at 9:30 p. m.

**THE RIVER.**

**YESTERDAY'S DEPARTURES.**  
Pittsburgh.—KEYSTONE STATE, 1 p. m. Sistersville.—LEROY, 7 a. m. Clarksburg.—YOUNG HUN, 9 a. m. Pittsburgh.—KANAWHA, 1 p. m. Zanesville.—LORENA, 9 a. m.